Lepanthes schoonenii Luer, sp. nov.

Ety.: Named for Jan Schoonen, formerly of Putti, Holland, who collected and cultivated this species.

Species haec Lepanthidis falcatae Luer & R.Vásquez affinis, sed sepalo dorsali latiore, sepalis latioribus nondivergentibus, petalorum lobo inferiore subnullo et labello unguiculato lobis triangularibus columnam amplectentibus differt.

Plant vegetative material lacking; ovary 1.5 mm long; sepals light yellow, suffused with brown centrally, margins spiculate, the dorsal sepal ovate, acute, acuminate into a tail 2 mm long, 8 mm long including the tail, 3.5 mm wide, 3-veined, connate to the lateral sepals ca. 1 mm, the lateral sepals narrowly ovate, oblique, acute, acuminate into a tail 3 mm long, 10 mm long including the tail, 2.5 mm wide, 1-veined, connate ca. 0.5 mm; petals orange, microscopically pubescent, transversely bilobed, 0.5 mm long, 3.5 mm wide, the upper lobe erect, narrowly oblong, obtuse, 3 mm long, the lower lobe 0.5 mm long, oblique; lip orange, microscopically pubescent, bilobed, the lobes triangular with acute angles, surrounding the column, 2.2 mm long, 2.2 mm wide expanded, each lobe 1.25 mm long and wide, the bases connate into a claw 1 mm long beneath the column, the body narrow with a minute, external, decurved appendix, the claw connate to the base of the column; column terete, 3 mm long, the anther and the stigma apical.

La Paz: Nor Yungas, collected near Chuspipata, alt. 3200 m, by J. Schoonen, flowered in cultivation at Putti, Holland, April 1994, J. Schoonen s.n. (Holotype of L. schoonenii: MO), C. Luer illustr. 17172.

This species was collected by Jan Schoonen and cultivated by him at his home in the Netherlands. Probably the plant was too small to permit more than a flower to be sent for identification, because no further vegetative material was preserved. The flower seems most closely allied to *Lepanthes falcata* Luer & R.Vásquez.

Lepanthes schoonenii differs from L. falcata in a broader dorsal sepal, more or less as wide as the two lateral sepals combined, with the lateral sepals diverging less than 45° from the perpendicular axis, rather than being approximately the same width as a lateral sepal, with the apices of the lateral sepals diverging 90°; petals with an upper lobe approximately four times the length of the minute lower lobe, rather than lobes subequal in length; and a lip with triangular, rather than sickle-shaped, lobes.

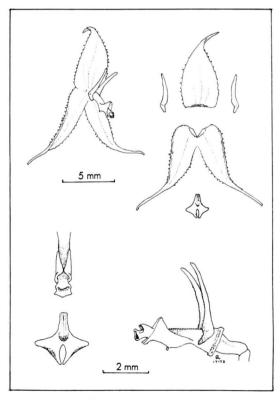


Fig. 57. Lepanthes schoonenii